



Highlights

Production of bituminous coal and lignite in the week ended May 26, 1984, as estimated by the Energy Information Administration, was 19,121,000 short tons. This was an increase of 1,340,000 short tons, or 7.5 percent from production in the previous week. Production in the corresponding week of 1983 was 14,892,000 short tons. Bituminous coal and lignite production from January 1 through May 26, 1984 totaled 361,196,000 short tons, 16.0 percent above production in the same period of 1983.

Production of Pennsylvania anthracite in the week ended May 26, 1984, as estimated by the Energy Information Administration, was 96,000 short tons, an increase of 6,000 short tons or 6.7 percent from production in the previous week. Production in the corresponding week of 1983 was 69,000 short tons. Anthracite production from January 1 through May 26, 1984 totaled 1,813,000 short tons, 26.0 percent above production in the same period of 1983.

Figure 1 Production of Bituminous Coal and Lignite, 1984 (Million Short Tons)

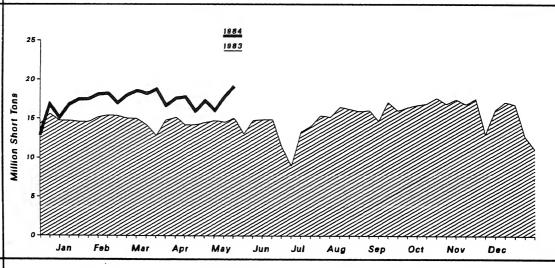


Table 1. Production of Bituminous Coal and Lignite (Thousand Short Tons)

	Week Ending			Year to Date		
	5/26/84 ^a	5/19/84 ^a	5/28/83 ^a	5/26/84 ^a	Percent 5/28/83 ^a Change	
Total Production	. 19,121 . 130,068	17,781 121,069	14,892 104,393	361,196 2,382,395	311,440 ^b +16.0 2,057,346	

Source: Weekly carloading reports, Car Service Division, Association of American Railroads.

Cumulative production in the period January 1 - May 21, 1983 was revised from 292,566,000

short tons to 296,548,000 short tons to make weekly estimates conform with previously published monthly and quarterly estimates.



Energy Information Administration Weekly Coal Production

Table 2. Production of
Bitminous Coal and
Lignite, by State
(Thousand Short Tons)

State	Week Ending					
	May 26, 1984 ^a	May 19, 1984 ^a	May 28, 1983a			
Alabama	570	561				
Alaska	15	14	472			
Arizona	294	274	13			
		2/4	212			
Arkansas	4	3	3			
Colorado	314	195	344			
Georgia	5	5				
-		J	5			
Illinois	1,275	1,157	1,096			
Indiana	845	838	•			
lowa	10	9	615 7			
		•	,			
Kansas	15	14	12			
Kentucky			12			
Eastern	2,759	2,672	1 020			
Western	827	801	1,828			
Total	3,586	3,473	742			
		57.75	2,570			
Maryland	100	90	58			
Missouri	120	111	92			
Montana	591	537	534			
*			554			
New Mexico	580	527	409			
North Dakota	395	360	322			
Ohio	929	885	680			
011.1			880			
Oklahoma	103	92	80			
Pennsylvania	1,386	1,394	1,178			
Tennessee	156	152	1,176			
			135			
Texas	934	869	753			
Utah	306	208				
Virginia	843	806	244 657			
		•••	657			
Washington	85	79	57			
West Virginia	3,316	2,969	2,274			
Wyoming	2,344	2,160				
	•	2,200	2,070			
Total	19,121	17,781	14,892			

^aPreliminary. Source: Weekly carloading reports, Car Service Division, Association of American Railroads, and selected State agencies.

Figure 2. Production of Pennsylvania Anthracité, 1984 (Thousand Short Tons)

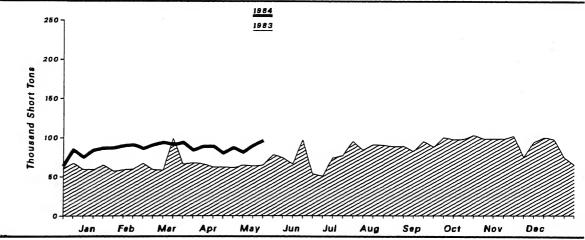


Table 3. Production of **Anthracite** (Thousand Short Tons)

	Week Ending			Year to Date		
	5/26/84	5/19/84 ^a	5/28/83 ^a	5/26/84 ^a	Percent 5/28/83ª Change	
Total Production Railroad Carloadings		90 321	69 1 44	1,813 3,604	1,439 ^b +26.0 2,944	

Source: Weekly carloading reports, Car Service Division, Association of American Railroads. Cumulative production in the period January 1 - May 21, 1983 was revised from 1,303,000 short tons to 1,370,000 short tons to make weekly estimates conform with previously published monthly and quarterly estimates.



Energy Information Administration Weekly Coal Production

Weekly Coal Production provides timely information on coal: current statistics on the production of anthracite, bituminous coal, and lignite are provided each week; monthly and annual statistics on coal consumption, production, stocks, imports, and exports, and related supply and demand data are provided as they become available.

Weekly Coal Production is intended for use by the coal industry, the press, State and Federal Governments, policy makers, consumers, and analysts. Weekly coal production estimates are based on current trends in weekly rail carloadings of coal and current coal production trends as reported in Coal Distribution (Form EIA-6), monthly and quarterly coal production reports from State mine agencies, and Coal Production Annual (Form EIA-7a).

This report was prepared by the Energy Information Administration, the independent statistical and analytical agency within the Department of Energy. The information contained herein should not be construed as advocating or necessarily reflecting any policy position of the Department of Energy or any other organization.

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